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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/683,599	01/23/2002	Scott C. Harris	Visual-Dbase	6412
23844 75	90 02/23/2005		EXAM	INER
SCOTT C HARRIS			HALIM, SAHERA	
P O BOX 927649 SAN DIEGO, CA 92192		•	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
·			2157	
			DATE MAILED: 02/23/2009	5

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action O	09/683,599	HARRIS, SCOTT C.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Sahera Halim	2157			
The MAILING DATE of this communication Period for Reply	appears on the cover sheet wit	th the correspondence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR RETHE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CF after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period for reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by stany reply received by the Office later than three months after the mearned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DN. R 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a re to a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty riod will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONT atute, cause the application to become ABA	ply be timely filed r (30) days will be considered timely. THS from the mailing date of this communication. ANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 2	3 January 2002.				
2a) This action is FINAL. 2b) ⊠	This action is FINAL. 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.				
	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the ments is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.				
Disposition of Claims					
4) ⊠ Claim(s) 1-20 is/are pending in the applicate 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are with 5) □ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ⊠ Claim(s) 1-20 is/are rejected. 7) □ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) □ Claim(s) are subject to restriction are	drawn from consideration.				
Application Papers					
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Exam	niner.				
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.					
Applicant may not request that any objection to	the drawing(s) be held in abeyan	ce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).			
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the co	•	•			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119	,				
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for fore a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority docum 2. Certified copies of the priority docum 3. Copies of the certified copies of the application from the International Bu 	nents have been received. nents have been received in Appriority documents have been	oplication No			
* See the attached detailed Office action for a	list of the certified copies not	received.			
Attachment(s)					
 Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB Paper No(s)/Mail Date 	Paper No(s	ummary (PTO-413))/Mail Date formal Patent Application (PTO-152) 			

DETAILED ACTION

Drawings

1. The drawings are objected to under 37 CFR 1.83(a) because they fail to show reference number 106 as described in the specification page 3. Any structural detail that is essential for a proper understanding of the disclosed invention should be shown in the drawing. MPEP § 608.02(d). Corrected drawing sheets in compliance with 37 CFR 1.121(d) are required in reply to the Office action to avoid abandonment of the application. Any amended replacement drawing sheet should include all of the figures appearing on the immediate prior version of the sheet, even if only one figure is being amended. The figure or figure number of an amended drawing should not be labeled as "amended." If a drawing figure is to be canceled, the appropriate figure must be removed from the replacement sheet, and where necessary, the remaining figures must be renumbered and appropriate changes made to the brief description of the several views of the drawings for consistency. Additional replacement sheets may be necessary to show the renumbering of the remaining figures. The replacement sheet(s) should be labeled "Replacement Sheet" in the page header (as per 37 CFR 1.84(c)) so as not to obstruct any portion of the drawing figures. If the changes are not accepted by the examiner, the applicant will be notified and informed of any required corrective action in the next Office action. The objection to the drawings will not be held in abeyance.

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

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- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- Claims 1-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable 3. over Crill et al. U.S. Pat. No. 6,445,822 (hereinafter Crill).
- 4. Reference to claim 1, Crill teaches a system, comprising:

a client which allows entry of image information (col. 5, line 10 – 30 and Fig. 1, numeral 102, Crill teaches in step 102 creating search images that the user wants to search), and

a server, including a database associated with the server, said server connected to said client to receive said image information (col. 5, lines 34 – 37, Crill teaches candidate images maybe located on one or more centralized or distributed application servers, database servers, website servers or other devices) and using said image information to search said database associated with the server which meet criteria specified in said image information (col. 5, lines 9 – 30 and Fig. 1 and 2, Crill teaches comparing reference image with candidate image) and forming search results based on said image information

(Fig. 1, numeral 108 and col. 5, lines 22 – 25, 108 provides to the user the results of comparison and the degree of matching and correlation).

Although the system discloses by Crill shows substantial features of the claimed invention (discussed above), it fails to explicitly teach that the sever for items to be purchased. Nonetheless these limitations are well known in the art and would have been an obvious modification of the system disclosed by Crill as evidenced by Crill's background. Crill teaches in the background of his invention that companies maintain or keep databases of images relating to the manufacture, assembly, and maintenance of products the company develops and sells (col. 1, line 26 – 37). Given the teachings of Crill, a person having ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention would have readily recognized the desirability and advantages of modifying by enabling the server to include items to be purchased in order to expand the systems usability.

5. Regarding 10, Crill teaches a method, comprising:

entering image information to a client on the network (col. 5, line 10 – 30 and Fig. 1, numeral 102, Crill teaches in step 102 creating search images that the user wants to search); and

sending said image information to a server on said network and using said image information to search database information on said server on said network (col. 5, lines 34 – 37, Crill teaches candidate images maybe located on one or more centralized or distributed application servers, database servers, website servers or other devices and see col. 5, lines 9 – 30 and Fig. 1 and 2, where Crill

teaches comparing reference image with candidate image)); and returning search results from said server to said client (Fig. 1, numeral 108 and col. 5, lines 22 – 25, 108 provides to the user the results of comparison and the degree of matching and correlation). Nonetheless, Crill fails to teach returning search results from said server to said client included price information associated with items in said search results. However, it would have been obvious for a person having ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to include price information because it would allow the system disclosed by Crill to be used in an e-commerce environment.

- 6. Reference to claim 2, Crill teaches wherein said client allows forming initial image information, and subsequently setting parameters associated with said initial image information using a user interface (see col.6, line 56 30).
- 7. As to claims 3 and 13, Crill teaches wherein one of said parameters associated with said image information includes exclusion information to exclude from said search results, and said server forms said search results which do not include said exclusion information (see col.7, line 17 31, when cropping the image, it is excluding).
- 8. Regarding claims 4 and 12, Crill teaches, wherein one of said parameters includes a selection of a more important image portion, which is more important than other image portions, and said client forms search results which are

weighted according to said more important image portion (see. Col. 18, line 63 – col. 19, line 11).

- 9. Regarding claims 5 and 15, Crill wherein one of said parameters includes an image size, and said client forms search results which only include results having said specified image size (col. 7, line 17 31).
- 10. As to claim 6, Crill teaches a system as in claim 2, wherein said client includes a scanner to allow entry of said initial image information (col. 6, line 56 66).
- 11. Reference to claim 7, Crill teaches a system as in claim 2, wherein said client includes a tablet to allow entry of said initial image information (col. 6, line 56 66).
- 12. As to claim 8, Crill teaches a system as in claim 2, wherein one of said parameters associated with said image information includes a color, and said server operates to find items based on said color information in addition to said image information (col. 7, line 1 –16)
- 13. Regarding claim 9, Crill does not explicitly teach wherein said server is associated with an electronic commerce site, and said search results include price information for items associated with said search results. However, it would have been obvious for a person having ordinary skill in the art at the time of the

invention to include associating the server with an electronic commerce site and include price information for items associated with search results because it would allow the system disclosed by Crill to be used in an e-commerce environment.

- 14. Claim 11, has similar limitations as to claim 2, therefore, it is rejected under the same rational of claim 2.
- 15.— As to claim 14, Crill discloses a method as in claim 1 3, wherein said exclusion information includes image information (see col.7, line 17 31).
- 16. Reference to claim 16, Crill teaches a method as in claim 11, further comprising displaying said image information as part of a graphical user interface, and using said graphical user interface to enter said parameters (Fig. 2 and col., 6, line 56 col. 7, line 16).
- 17. Claim 17 has similar limitations as to claims 1 and 10 and although claims 1 and 10 are not identical of claim 17, claim 17 does not further teach or differ over the limitations thought by claims 1 and 10. Therefore, claim 17 is rejected under the same rational as claims 1 and 10.

- 18. Regarding claim 18, Crill teaches wherein searching image information includes an image, and additional information about the searching, in addition to said image (col. 6, line 56 31).
- 19. Claim 19 has the same limitations as claims 3 and 13, thus it is rejected under the same rational.
- 20. Claim 20 has the same limitations as claim 8; therefore, it is rejected under the same rational.

Conclusion

- 21. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.
 - U.S Pat., No. 5,734,893 to Li et al
 - U.S Pat. No. 6,240,424 to Hirata
 - U.S. Pat. No. 5,586,197 to Tsujimura et al.
 - U.S. Pat. No. 5,802,361 Wang et al.
 - U.S. Pat. No. 5,793,888 to Delanoy
 - U.S. Pat. No. 5,911,139 Jain et al.
 - U.S. Pat. No. 5,761,655 to Hoffman
 - U.S. Pat. No. 5,893,095 to Jain et al.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Sahera Halim whose telephone number is (703) 305-8054. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F from 8:30-5:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Ario Etienne can be reached on (571) 272-4001. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Sahera Halim Patent Examiner AU. 2157

February 19, 2004

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SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER